A film by Philippe LE GUAY

With

Fabrice LUCHINI, Sandrine KIBERLAIN, Natalia VERBEKE and Carmen MAURA

Lola DUENAS, Berta OJEA, Nuria SOLE, Concha GALAN e Marie Armelle DEGUY, Audrey FLEUROT

Running time: 1'46

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Paris, 1960. Jean-Louis Joubert (Fabrice Luchini) lives a peaceful yet boring bourgeois existence with his wife (Sandrine Kiberlain), a perfect socialite, his children in a boarding school and his finance office. The family has their world turned upside down when exuberant Spanish maids move into their building’s sixth floor, the servant’s quarters. Teresa, Carmen, Dolorès, Concepción (Carmen Maura) and her niece Maria (Natalia Verbeke) who just arrived from Burgos. Jean-Louis will unexpectedly bond with them, especially with Maria. She is young, pretty and full of joy. In a word, Jean-Louis’s life is about to change... a lot.
Interview with PHILIPPE LE GUAY
scriptwriter and director

How did this project come about?
It all began with a childhood memory. My parents happened to have taken on a Spanish housemaid called Lourdes, and I spent the first five years of my life in her company. I ended up spending more time with her than with my own mother, to the extent that when I started speaking I got French and Spanish mixed up. When I started nursery school I spoke a kind of incomprehensible mumbo jumbo. I would say my prayers in Spanish. Even though I have no specific recollection of these early years, my mother has spoken to me about them and something of that time has remained with me.

When travelling in Spain something went click when I met a woman who told me all about her life in Paris in the 60’s. The idea for a film about this community of Spanish housemaids took hold of me.

I wrote an initial version of the screenplay with Jérôme Tonnerre: it was the story of a teenage boy whose parents neglected him and who found refuge and protection with some of the ladies who employed them. I remember one of them and something of that time has remained with me.

As the filming progressed I realized more and more that Jean-Louis is a man who has never been loved. He says it casually when speaking about his mother: “My mother never loved anybody”. And now these women on the sixth floor are gathering him in their arms, kissing him and looking after him. He is a child who has found protective women: surrogate mothers. For me the film isn’t so much about seduction...

How did you go about fleshing out your screenplay?
Jérôme Tonnerre and I met up with former housemaids living in the 16th arrondissement in Paris, or elsewhere, and also some of the ladies who employed them. I remember one of them who was a kind of mother figure who used to boss her about in her own place! We also went to the Spanish Church in rue de la Pompe where we met the job interviews happened.

The film introduces you to a world which is as yet undiscovered despite being close at hand. I like the idea that something foreign can be found on your doorstep. The slightest occurrence can take you out of your own world and reveal new ones to you; worlds that brush past each other without ever getting tangled up. It’s the science fiction concept of the ‘fourth dimension’, but here it is handled without the fantasy aspect. In the film Jean-Louis sums it all up with the following sentence: “These women are living right out our heads, and we don’t know the least thing about them.”

At what point did you think of Fabrice Luchini as the actor who should play the main character?
I often say I replaced the teenager from the initial project with Fabrice Luchini. Fabrice is known for his energy, the way he galvanizes a stage or TV set. He has this prodigious textual and verbal power, but he also has an amazing ability to step back. He loves writers motivated by resentment, and will quote despondent texts by people like Cioran or Thomas Bernhard, but deep inside he is not at all jaded. His facial expression is enough to convince you how strong his link to childhood is. That’s the inspiration for the film: the way he looks at these women in such admiration.

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Despite all his experience he is an instinctive actor who doesn’t have things all mapped out before he starts. On set he allows the emotions and the atmosphere take a hold of him.

Opposite Luchini there is Suzanne, the wife, played by Sandrine Kiberlain. Fabrice and Sandrine have already acted together twice, notably in Rien sur Robert, by Pascal Bonitzer, and there is great feeling of complicity between them. Sandrine has the whole breezy and superficial side typical of certain middle class women, but she also brings a kind of fragility and anxiety to the film. Suzanne comes from the provinces; she doesn’t quite understand the codes, unlike her two girlfriends, who have got them completely mastered. Which means she feels a bit stranded, and things often destabilize her, which makes her touching. Sandrine brings all this up of several former housemaids’ rooms. She was similar to her character in the way she connected with the other proteins; Suzanne had a sort of wounded pride. The idea came up that she should welcome her sons home with a bottle of white wine, and straight away she pushed her attitude of indifference to the limit...

**How did you put your Spanish community together?**

I wasn’t interested in having a chorus; I wanted a gallery of very individualized portraits. First I imagined a republican character, who’d come to France after fleeing Franco’s regime. At the other end of the scale I was looking for a super-devout zealot who goes to church every day and keeps arguing with the republican. Rising above the scrum and no doubt a mixture of the first two characters, is the one played by Carmen Maura, who calms things down and tempers the conflict. There is Teresa, who wants to find a French husband and Maria of course, Conception’s niece, who comes to France looking for work, and who is to be at the hub of everything that happens.

**How did you select the actresses?**

First of all Carmen Maura, the great figurehead of Spanish cinema: I couldn’t imagine the film without her in it. She is the first actress I saw. Even though the role isn’t a big one compared to what she can get, she did want to play a Spanish woman in Paris, like so many women she had met in her youth. What’s more she has a flat in Paris made up on the sixth floor. In the first version, Suzanne had a sort of wounded pride. The idea came up that she should welcome her sons home with a bottle of white wine, and straight away she pushed her attitude of indifference to the limit...

**What about the character of Maria, played by Natalia Verbeke?**

What was needed was a young woman who was pretty, but not too much; for her to be endearing, a retiring beauty. Natalia Verbeke had all these qualities and she spoke a little French too. That was important for the link-up with Fabrice. She knew her lines so well that she came on a great deal, which meant she was able to communicate with everyone on set. Choosing the other maids meant regularly going back to Spain to see Rosa Estevez, who took care of the Spanish side of the casting. I took on more actresses from the theatre in order to avoid the cliché of using “Almodovarian” actresses. That’s how I met Lola Dueñas, Nuria Sole, Berta Otjes, and Concha Galán. The last two didn’t speak a word of French and learned their lines phonetically. They have this amazing temperament, embodying all the intensity, violence and volatility of Spanish women...

**What was your memories from the film?**

There’s the scene with the party on the sixth floor; where Jean-Louis lets himself get drawn into the dance. You have to realize Fabrice is an excellent dancer, but I wanted him to be embarrassed and awkward. It was tough for Fabrice to hold back and not dance well, then the maids encourage him little by little and he lets himself go without realizing what he is doing. Something beyond words occurred: a tremor, an emotion in his eyes. The miracle of an actor opening up.

**PHILIPPE LE GUAY** started out as a scriptwriter (August 15th by Nicole Garcia) before turning his own scripts into successes as a director (The Cost of Living, Nightshift).
How would you define the character you play? At the beginning we find him absent, absorbed in his work. He only really begins to exist when Maria appears in his life. All this might seem incidental but a relationship and an entire world are explored through all these often very funny details.

Even though there are strong social aspects to the film, above all else it is about people. How do you see this man’s background? He’s not a radical Marxist type, and he’s not sappy either. The message is not that middle-class people are monsters and that poor people are great. It goes beyond that. He’s not a pretentious man, and isn’t uptight about many things – except his soft-boiled egg in the morning, which must be done to perfection. This detail is what causes his housemaid from Brittany to leave, and him to realize everything Maria can bring into his life. At the end of the day, Philippe Le Guay needed me to do something absolutely awesome for an actor: be completely absorbed in contemplating the real. This was one of the greatest roles I could have been offered because as an actor I was being asked to watch – to be an observer of the real, and become permeated by it. This individual will open up, but it cannot be done via a cliché or a trick. The man must be steeped in the life of all these Spanish women. And it is true that there are a lot of them, that the whole floor up there has a very lively and comical side to it.

What relationship do you have with Spain? I was a million miles away from the milieu which could stereotype him because of his class. Little by little he unveils the humanity which overrides the clichés both sides are capable of forming, thereby discovering its limits and contradictions. He is a bit transversal. Filiations exist too. Jean-Louis is a bit like Philippe Le Guay. Just as Antoine Dufel is François Truffant, I have been Eric Rohmer’s Jean-Pierre Léaud in the six films we made together. Whenever you make a film, you become the spokesperson for neurosis or empathy. This is a bald fact. The actor loses himself a little in this exchange, because I am a Philippe Le Guay who doesn’t bring into play my passion for an actor: be completely absorbed in the spokesperson for neurosis or empathy. This is a bald fact. The actor loses himself a little in this exchange, because I am a Philippe Le Guay who doesn’t bring into play my passion for an actor: be completely absorbed in

The film goes beyond social stereotypes... You could think the housemaids are being treated condescendingly, but Monsieur Joubert also has to face prejudice because when he goes to live on the sixth floor the Spanish women stereotype him because of his class. Little by little he unveils the humanity which overrides the clichés both sides are capable of forming, thereby discovering its limits and contradictions. He is a bit transversal. Filiations exist too. Jean-Louis is a bit like Philippe Le Guay. Just as Antoine Dufel is François Truffant, I have been Eric Rohmer’s Jean-Pierre Léaud in the six films we made together. Whenever you make a film, you become the spokesperson for neurosis or empathy. This is a bald fact. The actor loses himself a little in this exchange, because I am a Philippe Le Guay who doesn’t bring into play my passion for an actor: be completely absorbed in

How do you balance the different aspects of the character? This man comes to life little by little through contact with these women. Which means I have to stop my exuberant nature from surfacing. At the end of the day, Philippe Le Guay needed me to do something absolutely awesome for an actor: be completely absorbed in contemplating the real. This was one of the greatest roles I could have been offered because as an actor I was being asked to watch – to be an observer of the real, and become permeated by it. This individual will open up, but it cannot be done via a cliché or a trick. The man must be steeped in the life of all these Spanish women. And it is true that there are a lot of them, that the whole floor up there has a very lively and comical side to it.

I was a million miles away from the milieu which could afford cleaning ladies. I grew up in Barbès-Rochechouart, so I lived with other kinds of immigrants, who’d been there since the thirties. I don’t know Spain well, even though I hung out in Formentera at the height of the hippy era. I don’t speak a word of Spanish. But you don’t need words with people like Carmen. You fall back on ways of looking, of being funny and affectionate.

The language barrier didn’t ease communication with the Spanish actresses. Making this film brought me face to face with feelings of solitude and my self-indulgent little depression. Which I was perfectly happy with. I’d heard a lot about Carmen Maura and I enjoyed seeing her work, with her Hispanic seriousness. I was only really close to Sandrine Kiberlain. We had already played a couple in “Beaumarchais the Scoundrel”, by Molinaro. I was happy to work with her again.

This is the third film you have made with Philippe Le Guay. How is he progressing? I get the impression that he’s really in charge on set, he’s the got the narrative under control. He’s really come along. I get the impression that he’s really in charge on set, he’s the got the narrative under control. He’s really come along.
What was it that made you want to take part in the project?
It’s always a set of different things that encourage you to get involved. This time it was the writing; the script of course, but also having acted opposite Fabrice several times in the past, as he sheds a different light on the characters and the general mood of the film. Meeting Philippe Le Guay was also a decisive element. I liked his rich personality, the humour and depth of the subject, which is very contemporary.

Can you tell us a little about the character you play?
The story takes place in the sixties. The Joubert couple is locked in a life which is not necessarily right for them. Belonging to a middle class which is totally comfortable with its ritualised aspects is what energizes Suzanne. She’s married to a man she really loves. She is also the mother of two boys who are away at boarding school. She’s from the provinces and feels a bit left out and has hang-ups about her girlfriends, who she always feels are more Parisian and more elegant than she is. She still can’t come to terms with the fact that she is part of this bourgeoisie. Like a lot of women from different times she is convinced she’s leading the right life for her. You get the feeling that if this dynamic, joyful mood she always keeps up were to be spoilt, it would really painful for her. All the contradictions and weaknesses which make up the character and human beings in general appealed to me. I wanted to act out this desire of hers to be enthusiastic and to make a success of this life she has locked herself into. Constantly chasing an ideal means she has lost sight of the most important things: what she is, and what she really wants. She comes to understand that this life has passed her by and that they might have lost their way.

What vision do you have of the world of the housemaid?
It’s not a scene I’m familiar with. My family has Polish origins, which gives me a different point of view on the story. I’m always touched by the courage of these people who come to France and by their desire to integrate and succeed in a life which is better than the one they could have had in their own country. When you’re not lucky enough to be born in the right place you need a lot of courage to abandon your reference points and start everything over in a different place. These women have that strength. I think Suzanne really becomes attached to Maria, and if it wasn’t for the oppressive social straitjacket that defines them, they could have been friends.

How did you work with Philippe le Guay?
I’d seen his films but didn’t know him. With this film Philippe seems to want to fulfil the desire to be deep and fanciful at the same time. He is really passionate about cinema. His film is right there in his mind, and the result is like he is: funny, surprising, subtle and elegant.

This isn’t the first time you have been married to Fabrice Luchini. What have you come to know about him?
I adore working opposite Fabrice. He’s out of the ordinary; an actor who is really unlike anyone else. He’s improving with age. I think, for multiple reasons. Physically, he’s sexier. He’s more mature, even more generous. He has a unique place in French cinema. He’s funny; he gets bums on seats at the cinema and the theatre because he has managed to establish his own persona. When you act alongside him, the pleasure comes from what you exchange. If things are to work out with him you have to understand his eccentricity and grasp how moving he can be, even in his desire to grab everyone’s attention. In this film, even though he often reacts to what Suzanne does, he is not just her comic foil. We both operate in the same register. Two clowns who don’t live like clowns do. Both creating comical situations in his or her own way. In different scenes first one then the other will react to what her or his opposite number does. There is a real exchange between us. Perhaps that is why we get on well while acting and working.

How did you approach your character?
Although the period is not that far back in time, we were still in a costume film. Acting every day in clothes that are not your own provides you with data which helps you to build up the character. Your behaviour changes when you are wearing different high heels, formal dresses or if you have a different haircut. It influences the way you hold yourself, the way you walk, or sit down. This whole task of reconstruction puts you in a different environment, in the same way as the scenery. I personally work hard on the rhythm of my characters, which I think I pick up instinctively. It’s connected to the costumes and also to the attitudes they cause you to have.

How would you define Suzanne’s rhythm?
She chases around trying to fill up the space and the silences so that nobody stops her to ask her the question which would bring her back to reality about herself. If she stopped it would doubtless give her the time to think and realize what she is going through.

SELECTIVE FILMOGRAPHY
2010  A VIEW OF LOVE  by Nicole Garcia
UNE FEMME D’AFFAIRES
by Frédéric Schoendoerffer
2009  MADEMOISELLE CHAMBON by Stéphane Brizé
LITTLE NICHOLAS by Laurent Tirard
2007  MOLIERE by Laurent Tirard

Interview with SANDRINE KIBERLAIN
Interview with
NATALIA VERBEKE

What was your reaction when you read the script?
I was touched by the story as it deals with my compatriots in a novel and very humane way. I liked Maria straight away. She’s a woman who has character but her youth and what she’s been through have not yet given her the chance to express it. I immediately fathomed her. And she was a kind of character I’d never played before. I’m more used to playing very determined young women, whereas Maria is frail and sometimes naive. It’s also a character you can really see developing throughout the story. At the start, when she arrives in Paris she is shy and doesn’t know much, but little by little she discovers things, she dares to act, she takes risks, she learns and also internally comes to terms with her own story. When faced with Monsieur Joubert, surrounded by her colleagues and near her aunt, who has got him to come upstairs, Maria slowly begins to become her own self.

What vision do you have of the period, which you didn’t live through yourself?
The film takes place in France but during a very difficult time in Spanish history: the Franco regime. Lots of people came to France as refugees looking for work. That’s not the subject of Philippe Le Guay’s film, but he has really managed to communicate the motivations and mindset of those people through his characters. All those women turned up having left everything behind. They started from scratch, didn’t know the language and often found themselves in harrowing solitude. They had to be brave. Maria and the other women’s situations touch me.

In your opinion what did becoming a housemaid in France mean to them?
We all have friends and family who came to France to become maids. It was hard work, but they were also lucky. It was a chance to be able to provide for yourself and your family back home. I spoke a lot to other women. I asked around, and people today don’t realize how many people found themselves in harrowing solitude. They had to be brave. Maria and the other women’s situations touch me.

How was working with Fabrice Luchini?
It’s pleasant working with Fabrice. He is very professional on set and I learned a lot working with him. Besides which, he’s a charming man with a great sense of humour. My desire to understand him even more was a motivation to improve my French. I love listening to him reciting your classics, Molière in particular. He inspires you to investigate French culture, just as the film creates interest in ours.

Did you discuss the subject matter of the film with your Spanish colleagues?
The group was very close and we really did get on very well together. All of us were interested in the story told in Philippe’s film. It speaks to us in historical and human terms. There is something deeply authentic in what he is saying. He manages to recreate a whole period through the use of small, realistic details which seem right.

The women who arrive here with no family end up managing to create one up on the sixth floor! It’s a film we were happy to be making.

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What is the film about?
The film is about the paradoxes in life, and lots of it is very funny. These women who are on a lower rung of the social ladder actually live upstairs from the people they serve. When the two worlds collide it generates questions and provides food for thought. By using comedy with feeling and real social concerns the film leads us to consider who we are and what the limits of our social milieu are.

What are your memories of making your first film in France?
For me Philippe’s film is like a declaration of love for Spain and for the women who came to live over here. He depicts them humanely and avoids simplistic clichés. We see them suffering and hoping. You can tell he feels tenderness and respect for each of his characters. I’ve been really lucky with my first experience here. And filming in Paris has allowed me to get to know the city and make me want to come back!

SELECTIVE FILMOGRAPHY

2006  GAL by Miguel Courtoys
2005  THE METHOD by Marcelo Pineyro
Taro Goya Awards
2003  DOT THE I by Matthew Parkhill
Deauville Film Festival, Audience Award
What was it that appealed to you in this project? I wanted to work with female Spanish actors in Paris for the first time. I really liked the idea of playing a Spanish cleaning lady living up on the sixth floor. I love speaking French in real life and in films. This project also gave me the chance to mix French and Spanish just like a Spanish person living here would. Philippe Le Guay gave me his permission to, to artificially alter your voice. I love this mixture of languages, how do you see this French point of view, because it's his film. Philippe and I spoke about it. How did things work out with Fabrice Luchini? Fabrice is really one of a kind, he amuses me a lot. I admire the very strong audience relationship that he nurtures. I went to see him at the theatre at one o'clock in the afternoon and I was packed with a mixture of completely different people; young, old, poor and rich. Bringing together such diverse audiences is what I admire most in actors. He does a lot of talking. We tell each other a lot of stories - true or otherwise. Listening to him talk is a pleasure. The French language is so musical when he speaks. He's not just someone who passes by you in life and who you forget. I will remember him. It's not difficult working with him because he has great respect for other people. He even stood up for us in some scenes. I loved that. He's really great!

In France the “Spanish housemaid” is almost an iconic figure. You have an international vision - do you know of any country other than France that Spain has supplied so many housemaids with? I don’t believe the “Spanish housemaid” is an iconic figure in any country outside France. Although there are lots of Spanish maids in Belgium. Back in the day the Spanish had a very bad life in their own country. Sometimes entire families ran away because of their political stance during the Spanish Civil War. I also think Spanish maids were thought highly of here because we have a very strong notion of cleanliness. The importance generally accorded to the bathroom in France is nothing like what happens in Spanish bathrooms. I noticed this when I was looking for a flat. Here you can sometimes even find pieds-a-terre with outdoor toilets. It’s very strange.

Interview with
CARMEN MAURA

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As a Spanish woman and international actress, how do you see this French point of view? I know France and it’s a country I love. I often stay in Paris, where I live in five maid’s rooms with the walls knocked down to make one flat. When I discovered the real bedrooms where we did the shooting, obviously it was tough for me! I love Paris and France but the French are a little odd! You still see us in a slightly clichéd way. Paris is a city that can come across as aggressive, yet it’s one of my favourites. I get the feeling everything is more relaxed back home. We have a milder sense of humour, whereas yours is more profound. The way the French see the Spanish has come on a lot over the past twenty years. We’re treated much better. There is more curiosity towards us. Despite this, deep down we’re still seen as slightly under-developed southern people. I’ve learnt to live with that while trying to change it at the same time. I feel very much at ease because I’m a solitary person who doesn’t need to be cuddled too often!

What did you think about the screenplay? It’s a real fairy tale, a sweet and very tender comedy with a happy ending. Obviously this very beautiful story is told from the point of view of a Frenchman, which is always interesting. It’s a different angle, a different approach, which I understand perfectly. I always respect the director’s point of view, because it’s his film, Philippe and I spoke about it.

Can you tell us about the character you play? Concepcion has lived in France for a very long time. She is obsessed with sending money back to Spain where her husband has stayed to build a house for them. Concepcion dreams of having a house like the French women she works for. When the story begins Concepcion is a bit like the surrogate mother of all the young women who live up on the sixth floor above the Jouberis. That’s when her niece Maria arrives and the adventure begins...

On set you were a bit like Concepcion for the group of actresses... Although I am shy I do like everyone to feel at ease on the set. For me a set is a bit like a church, it’s sacred. Something magical happens there. So everyone needs to feel all right and that’s what I try in all modesty to help create.

How did you and Philippe de Guay work together? Philippe really thought his film through and has every last detail under control. He knows exactly what he wants and he shot the film with the actors he wanted. I think his film is like him. On a personal level he is very good, he looks after his actors. For instance Philippe saw to it that the focus puller, script supervisor and the sound mixer were Spanish, and that was very important for us. On a more intimate level, I will be forever grateful to him for having allowed me so much freedom, particularly as regards the speaking of Spanish. That was a surprise and a tremendous favour. Philippe loves the Spanish language and Spain, and he was constantly getting us to sing. Actually we sing so much - starting as early as on the picnic - that once I said to Philippe I didn’t want to do any more singing in the film. The Spanish sing less than he appears to think they do!

How do you see this French point of view, because it’s his film. Philippe and I spoke about it.
Production

PHILIPPE ROUSSELET created LES FILMS DE LA SUANE in 1994 and VENDÔME PRODUCTION in 2010. Produced to date are:

MARIE BAIÉ DES ANGES by Manuel Pradal
SERIAL LOVER by James Huth
FOLLE D’ELLE by Jérôme Coronau
BLANCHE by Bernie Bonvoisin
BARNIE ET SES PETITES CONTRARIÉTÉS by Bruno Chiche
BLANCHE by Bernie Bonvoisin
BALZAC ET LA PETITE TAILLEUSE CHINOISE by Dai Sijie
TRISTAN by Philippe Harel
PAPA by Maurice Barthélémy

LES PARRAINS de Frédéric Forestier
DU JOUR AU LENDEMAIN by Philippe Le Guay
LA CLEF by Guillaume Nicloux
LES INSOUIMIS by Claude Michel Rome
LES FEMMES DU 6ème ÉTAGE by Philippe Le Guay

Philippe Rousselet produced in 2006 LORD OF WAR by Andrew Niccol and created Vendome Pictures, a company based in Los Angeles and dedicated to international movies. His first two pictures are now ending post-production:

SOURCE CODE by Duncan Jones with Jake Gyllenhaal and Vera Farmiga (US release: April, 5th 2011) and LARRY CROWNE by Tom Hanks with Julia Roberts and Tom Hanks (US release: July, 1st 2011).

Cast

Jean-Louis FABRICE LUCHINI
Suzanne SANDRINE KIBERLAIN
Maria NATALIA VERBEKE
Concepcion CARMEN MAURA
Carmen LOLA DUEÑAS
Dolores NURIA SOLE
Teresa CONCHA GALÁN
Pilar MARIE ARMELLE DEGUY
Colette de Bergeret MURIEL SOYAV
Nicole de Grandcourt AUDREY FLEUROT
Bettina de Brossollette ANNE MERCIER
Madame Tribulet MICHELÉ GLEIZER
Germaine CAMILLE GIGOT
Bertrand JEAN-CHARLES DEVAL
Olivier PHILIPPE DUQUESNE
Gérard CHRISTINE VÉZINET
Valentine JEUPEU
Plumber VINCENT NEMETH
Monsieur Armand PHILIPPE DU JADERAND
Piquet PATRICK BONNEL
Goînard LAURENT CLARET
Plumber THIERRY NENEZ
Fish merchant JOSE ETICHIELUS
Priest JEAN-CLAUDE JAY
Pelléetier JOAN MASSOTKLEINER
Fernando IVAN MARTIN SALAN
Miguel IVAN MARTIN SALAN

Crew

Written & directed by JEAN-PHILIPPE LE GUAY
Co-written by JÉRÔME TONERRE
Cinematography JEAN-CLAUDE LARRIEU
Editor MONICA COLEMAN
Set Design PIERRE-FRANÇOIS LIMBOSCH
Costumes CHRISTIAN GASC
Sound Design LAURENT POIRIER
Coproducers VENDOME PRODUCTION / FRANCE 2 CINÉMA / SND
Producers PHILIPPE ROUSSELET / ETHENNE COMAR

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